

Statement of Accounts 2007-2008

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GENERAL INFORMATION

PHYSICAL FEATURES

Hastings covers an area of 2,972 hectares

The Council owns land amounting to approximately 1,142 hectares

The length of the coastline is 12 kilometres

POPULATION

The Town's estimated population at the June 2001 Census as provided by the Office of National Statistics was **85,029**. The age structure was as follows:-

Age Range	Males	Females	Total	%
0 - 14	8,529	8,369	16,898	20
15 - 29 30 - 44	6,923 8,996	7,344 9,154	14,267	17 21
45 - 59	8,286	8,125	18,150 16,411	19
60 - 74	5,246	6,045	11,291	13
75 and over	2,682	5,330	8,012	10
-	40,662	44,367	85,029	100

The registered electorate in 2007-2008 was:

61,835

COUNCIL TAX & BUSINESS RATING INFORMATION

Rateable value of business premises at 31 March 2008	£43,737,716
Net Borough Council Revenue Expenditure	£15,961,140
Council Tax Base	£29,107
Council Tax at Band D - includes all preceptors	£1,460.12

EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the Council during the period was :-

	NUMBER OF 2006-2007	EMPLOYEES 2007-2008
Full time	463	450
Part time (full time equivalents)	66	67
Total	529	517
The cost of employment during the year was :-	£'000	£'000
Wages and Salaries	13,143	13,683
National Insurance	1,008	1,020
Pension Contributions	2,384	2,558
Total	16,535	17,261



2006-2007		2007-2008	2007-	2008 ACTUAL	
		REVISED			
NET		ESTIMATE	EXPEND.	INCOME	NET
£	SERVICES:	£	£	£	£
	CORPORATE RESOURCES				
	Deputy Chief Executive & Director of	Resources			
445,681	Chief Executive's Division	375,320	363,901	(5,079)	358,822
548,385	Borough Solicitors Division	621,290	598,576	(67,411)	531,165
277,126	Policy & Performance Unit	327,620	275,880	(29)	275,851
307,824	Democratic Services Division	363,060	340,853	0	340,853
360,757	Audit & Investigations Division	367,540	382,524	(11,135)	371,389
374,061	Estates Division	324,690	333,057	(27,994)	305,063
795,521	Accountancy & Exchequer Serv.Divs	760,500	747,865	(24)	747,841
2,202,360	Revenues Division	2,192,040	2,195,669	(61,845)	2,133,824
720,545	Information Technology Division	753,290	709,555	(402)	709,153
(6,032,260)	Less recharges to other accounts	(6,158,060)	(5,947,880)	173,919	(5,773,961)
0		(72,710)	0	0	0
601,382	Corporate Expenses	568,150	1,120,739	(372,554)	748,185
790,433	Democratic Representation	844,660	820,278	(65)	820,213
99,061	Election Expenses	82,480	15,379	(9,128)	6,251
97,874	Registration of Electors	124,610	156,893	(1,657)	155,236
(457,179)	Employment Areas	(489,350)	97,584	(562,750)	(465,166)
(846,430)	Factory Units	(926,640)	497,643	(1,326,319)	(828,676)
(1,039,204)	Land & Property Holdings	(1,036,060)	1,036,179	(1,464,193)	(428,014)
1,860,892	Corporate Management	1,459,250	1,391,019	0	1,391,019
768,001	Concessionary Bus Passes	1,053,210	1,078,899	(27,620)	1,051,279
183,387	Benefit Payments (net)	14,180	47,007,681	(46,991,493)	16,188
358,391	Tax Collection Costs	529,500	838,391	(319,688)	518,703
1,389,743	Other Income & Expenditure	230,880	331,043	(6,492)	324,551
67,573	Public Consultation	39,930	32,961	0	32,961
0	Local Strategic Partnership	0	62,536	(62,536)	0
39,629	Sustainability	46,190	39,605	0	39,605
175,308	The Foreshore Trust	483,480	498,496	0	498,496
98,748	Land and Property Systems (GIS)	113,110	137,954	0	137,954
139,993	Information Technology Reserve Exp	212,000	168,194	0	168,194
	-				
4,327,602	<u> </u>	3,276,870	55,331,474	(51,144,495)	4,186,979
II					

2006-2007		2007-2008	2007-2	2008 ACTUAL	
		REVISED			
NET		ESTIMATE	EXPEND.	INCOME	NET
£	SERVICES:	£	£	£	£
	REGENERATION & PLANNING				
	-				
	Executive Director, Regeneration &	Planning			
1,870,173	Planning Division	1,941,950	2,168,702	(18,545)	2,150,157
429,500	Projects Division	435,240	399,319	(13)	399,306
478,688	Regeneration Administartion	591,490	580,874	(27,154)	553,720
718,303	Marketing & Communications Divisior	722,730	728,331	(9,404)	718,927
(3,496,664)	Less recharges to other accounts	(3,691,300)	(3,877,226)	55,116	(3,822,110)
0		110	0	0	0
428,598	Development Control	519,410	856,538	(311,283)	545,255
426,129	Forward Planning	437,890	400,489	0	400,489
87,096	E-planning	89,890	73,366	0	73,366
65,434	Building Control Services	65,000	351,831	(286,831)	65,000
(247,526)	Local Land Charges Register	(141,160)	243,494	(337,238)	(93,744)
263,262	Conservation	202,510	268,880	(2,669)	266,211
106,890	Environmental Schemes	49,420	92,483	(184)	92,299
36,859	Public Art	0	29,226	0	29,226
101,467	Dangerous Structures	141,610	131,094	0	131,094
419,516	Regeneration	540,350	1,034,540	(563,191)	471,349
(18,885)	Regeneration Programming Team Single Regeneration, AIF & LEGI	83,680	332,986	(311,369)	21,617
0	Payments	0	2,206,751	(2,206,751)	0
540	The Stade	270	4,582	(4,000)	582
0	Hastings & Bexhill Task Force	(160)	140,118	(139,630)	488
(7,367)		(100)	70	(10,951)	(10,881)
185,665	Community Safety	182,060	882,589	(718,930)	163,659
61,082	Tressell Training	115,690	870,402	(704,419)	165,983
41,162	Projects Division - other expenditure	97,860	72,751	0	72,751
108,279	Civic & Ceremonial Expenses	99,540	98,590	(79)	98,511
245,227	Visitor & Community Marketing	296,340	382,868	(100,103)	282,765
93,033	1066 Country Campaign	99,440	168,450	(65,301)	103,149
344,145	Hastings Information Centre	386,200	823,024	(425,916)	397,108
14,186	European Liaison	46,380	16,747	(123,313)	16,747
8,635	Meteorological Expenses	9,050	8,876	0	8,876
119,760	Raising the Profile	96,230	116,293	(7,805)	108,488
361,874	Museums and Art Gallery	418,370	508,264	(78,938)	429,326
12,374	Hastings Castle & Caves	20,630	88,129	(78,155)	9,974
99,238	Cultural Development	57,420	63,350	0	63,350
13,189	Coastal Currents	10,000	93,063	(87,061)	6,002
		-,,	-,,	,,	- , -
3,369,862	-	3,924,030	10,359,844	(6,440,804)	3,919,040
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2006-2007		2007-2008 REVISED	2007-2	2008 ACTUAL	
NET		ESTIMATE	EXPEND.	INCOME	NET
£	SERVICES:	£	£	£	£
	ENVIRONMENT & SAFETY				
	Executive Director, Environment & \$	Safety			
610,684	Highways Division	650,850	634,629	(2,730)	631,899
1,374,241	Environmental Services Division	1,438,240	1,350,030	(28,858)	1,321,172
76,278	Emergency Call Out Service	76,220	74,452	(466)	73,986
321,142	Waste Management Team	400,130	412,907	(4,928)	407,979
8,836	Wardens Office	0	0	0	0
(2,391,181)	Less recharges to other accounts	(2,565,440)	(2,472,018)	36,982	(2,435,036)
0		0	0	0	0
33,866	Naming & Numbering Streets	30,910	30,345	0	30,345
(761,222)		(953,500)	2,086,372	(3,639,049)	(1,552,677)
(1,732)		18,770	442,433	(455,168)	(12,735)
205,743	Traffic Management	75,430	273,294	(48,438)	224,856
41,779	Highways Shelters and Seats	32,020	39,992	(10,607)	29,385
59,048	Transport Policy	38,470	35,729	(3,727)	32,002
13,106	Cycle Routes	0	0	0	0
16,781	Community Bus Scheme	0	0	0	0
74,236	Local Licence Fees/Liquor Licensing	69,940	265,771	(243,250)	22,521
360,794	Environmental Protection	379,310	363,931	(27,640)	336,291
228,435	Food Safety & Infectious Diseases	243,770	215,759	(443)	215,316
257,813	Health & Safety	270,300	248,652	0	248,652
98,608	Pest Control	107,660	112,637	(14,920)	97,717
	Wardens, Env.Comm.Officers &				
235,108	Stray Dogs Service	272,930	499,557	(322,806)	176,751
7,630	Car Crime Reduction	0	2,136	(3,964)	(1,828)
77,658	Abandoned Vehicles	94,280	107,854	(22,369)	85,485
14,847	Together Action	30,000	16,626	(380)	16,246
	Crime Prevention / CCTV /				
202,447	Neighbhd. Watch	41,470	144,273	(23,438)	120,835
1,279,062	Street Cleansing	1,333,610	1,474,663	(39,435)	1,435,228
2,224,799	Waste Collection	2,153,180	2,629,533	(526,700)	2,102,833
276,459	Public Conveniences	323,410	448,627	(1,652)	446,975
46,571	Emergency Planning	50,560	49,945	(7,100)	42,845
83,450	Allotments	68,620	75,728	(7,764)	67,964
172,146	Arboriculture	203,770	230,163	(29,900)	200,263
(24,063)	•	(49,510)	224,270	(183,196)	41,074
187,693	Sea Front	135,650	598,714	(198,744)	399,970
120,363	Decorative Lighting	87,450	156,866	(8)	156,858
63,303	Town Centre & Street Decorations	60,390	60,229	0	60,229
(67,449)		(88,460)	615,136	(694,634)	(79,498)
56,586	Ecology	66,810	65,081	0	65,081
291,314	Country Parks	229,180	252,380	(33,340)	219,040
303,353	Coast Protection - Sea Defences	26,670	310,839	(1,472)	309,367
53,685	Watercourses	53,560	57,216	0	57,216
5,329	Navigational Aids	10,930	7,872	0	7,872
1,397,386	Grounds & POS	1,583,550	1,734,735	(150,062)	1,584,673
(20,369)		(10,290)	70,448	(116,701)	(46,253)
22,710	Other Expenses	46,060	76,297	(53,360)	22,937
7,637,273		7,036,900	14,024,103	(6,860,267)	7,163,836

2006-2007		2007-2008	2007-2	2008 ACTUAL	
NET		REVISED ESTIMATE	EXPEND.	INCOME	NET
£	SERVICES:	£	£	£	£
1	COMMUNITY WELL-BEING	2	~	~	~
	OCIVINICIAL I VVECE BEIIVO				
	Executive Director, Community Wel	I-Being			
1,506,246	Housing Services - Administration	1,624,170	1,684,079	0	1,684,079
997,295	Leisure Services - Administration	237,460	219,327	0	219,327
(2,503,541)	Less recharges to other accounts	(1,861,630)	(1,903,406)	0	(1,903,406)
0		0	0	0	0
556,710	Renovation Grant Administration	191,180	989,782	(770,665)	219,117
272,761	Housing Renewal	275,230	311,592	(40,014)	271,578
250,196	Housing Advice & Aid	273,890	258,355	0	258,355
566,715	Homelessness	457,470	607,246	(188,014)	419,232
0	Homelessness Strategy	71 400	94,595	(94,595)	0
350,044	Liaison-Agencies & Hsng. Assoc.	71,400 190,760	224,070 167,221	0 (251)	224,070 166,970
144,896 0	Housing Register / Nominations Secure Accomodation Scheme	190,760	110,026	(251) (110,026)	0 (970
202,139	St Leonards Renewal Area	198,000	1,899,106	(1,711,145)	187,961
879,460	Community Action	824,440	909,540	(104,977)	804,563
80,664	Neighbourhood Renewal	83,260	2,651,423	(2,568,163)	83,260
0	Greater Hollington Partnership	0	538,715	(538,715)	00,200
368,903	Sports Centres	445,510	930,826	(428,485)	502,341
214,389	Sports Development	169,340	153,293	(2,348)	150,945
17,794	Sports Management	26,100	79,642	(56,671)	22,971
77,560	Play Development	124,330	133,077	(15,958)	117,119
50,194	Passport to Leisure Scheme	0	0	0	0
139,778	St Mary in the Castle	59,920	60,190	(3,304)	56,886
65,853	Support for Events	56,600	45,129	(425)	44,704
542,038	White Rock Theatre	562,170	559,987	0	559,987
34,219	Youth Activities	26,030	20,184	0	20,184
308,430	Corporate Personnel Expenses	141,140	428,750	(170,218)	258,532
	•	•	,	,	•
5,122,743		4,176,770	11,172,749	(6,803,974)	4,368,775
11					

2006-2007		2007-2008 REVISED	2007	-2008 ACTUAL	
NET		ESTIMATE	EXPEND.	INCOME	NET
£	SERVICES:	£	£	£	£
20,457,480	DIRECT SERVICE EXPENDITURE	18,414,570	90,888,170	(71,249,540)	19,638,630
2006 2007	SERVICE MEASURES				2007-2008
2000-2007	SERVICE MEASURES				2007-2006
	Numbers of :-				
15,191	Museum visitors (main Museum clos	•	•	refurbishment)	39,551
95,916	East Hill Cliff Railway users (out of u	ise since June	2007)		53,781
122,602	West Hill Cliff Railway users				260,038
54,743	Hastings Castle visitors				53,473
13,282	Concessionary Bus Passes in circula	ation at year er	nd		15,483
25	Public Conveniences				17
103	Burials				130
80,466	Grave spaces				80,565
1,402	Cremations				1,342
17,848	Kilometres of Street Swept per annu	m			17,848
2.76 million	Dustbins Emptied (Bin Equivalents)				2.17 million
5,645	Re-cycling tonnage	- (l			8,383
5	Renovation Grants - Number Comple	etea			30
900	Planning Applications				934
17	Conservation Area Projects				4 400
1,004	Building Regulation Applications				1,102
2,289	Car Parking Spaces (Off-Street)				2,289
996,408 32,231	Vehicles Parked (Off Street) Penalty Charge Notices issued				979,442 29,350
1,120	Untaxed & Abandonded Vehicles re	mayad			29,350 453
1,605	Licences Issued	nioveu			2,198
465	Food Hygiene Inspections				2,196 565
232	Health & Safety Inspections				135
3,715	Local Land Charges (full searches o	nlv)			1,840
61,208	Local Electorate	111y)			61,835
85	Number of Factory Units				85
1,208,132	Rental Income from Factory Units				1,318,879
1,200,102	remai moonio nomii dolory omio				.,0.0,010

FINANCIAL REVIEW AND FOREWORD

INTRODUCTION

The Council's accounts for the year of 2007-2008 are set out on pages 15 to 50. They consist of :-

The Core Single Entity Financial Statements:

- (a) The Income & Expenditure Account the Council's main revenue account covering income and expenditure on all services.
- (b) The Statement of Movement on the General Fund Balance a statement reconciling the Income & Expenditure Account to the General Fund which is that used to determine the council tax for the year.
- (c) The Statement of Total Recognised Gains & Losses (STRGL) a statement that reflects the Council's entire gains and losses, not just those shown in the Income & Expenditure Account.
- (d) The Balance Sheet which sets out the financial position of the Council on 31 March 2008. It includes the Collection Fund.
- (e) The Cash Flow Statement which summarises the total movement of the Council's Funds for the year.

Notes to the Core Financial Statements-

The Supplementary Single Entity Financial Statements:

- (f) The Collection Fund Income and Expenditure Account the Council is required to maintain a collection fund to receive sums by way of Community Charges, Council Tax, Business Rates, and any other amounts relating to the fund. Payments out include sums required by precepting bodies (such as the East Sussex County Council and the Council's own own General Fund, the contribution to the national Business Rating Pool and other amounts relating to the operation of the Fund.
- (g) A Capital Expenditure Summary which provides an analysis of the year's spending on the provision and improvement of lasting assets and deferred charges, together with how it was financed.

These accounts are supported by the Statement of Accounting Policies and an Annual Governance Statement which follows this foreword, and various notes to the accounts.

This foreword provides a brief explanation of the financial aspects of the Council's activities and draws attention to the main characteristics of the Council's position. The following three statements show in broad terms where the Council's money comes from, what it is spent on, and what services it provides.

Where the Money Comes from :-

	£'000	%
Taxpayers (govt. grants)	55,292	61
Rents & Charges	11,293	12
Local Taxpayers - Council Tax	6,289	7
Business Rates - Council share	8,485	9
Other Income	9,603	11
	90,962	

What the Money is Spent on :-

	£'000	%
Employees	18,201	20
Running Expenses	23,213	26
Depreciation & Other Capital Charges	3,988	4
Housing & Council Tax Benefit	45,560	50
Payments & Disc.Rate Relief		
	90,962	

The Service Provided:-

	£'000	%
Cultural, Environmental & Planning	26,707	29
Services		
Highways, Roads & Transport	3,987	4
Services		
Housing Services - Benefits	47,008	52
Housing Services - Other	4,662	5
Central Services	6,024	7
Trading Services	2,574	3
-	90,962	

FINANCIAL REVIEW AND FOREWORD

GENERAL FUND REVENUE BUDGET

£'000
17,566
(1,413)
16,153
18,003
(1,850)
16,153
16,651
(498)
16,153
(1,352)

The major changes from the revised budget are as follows:-

IUIIUWS	
	£'000
Increase in net interest receipts	(57)
IT Reserve funded expend.unspent	(44)
Renewal & Repairs Reserve funded works unspent	(119)
Increased provision for Bad Debts	122
Advanced receipts from landfill site at Pebsham	(162)
LABGI additional grant received	(83)
Minimum Revenue Provision reduced	(87)
Twin Bin scheme - rephased	(85)
Foreshore Trust property - rate relief (includes prior years)	(316)
Wardens Service - underspending	(89)
General decrease in expenditure / increase in income	(432)
Net under-spending	(1,352)

CAPITAL SPENDING

In 2007-2008 the Council spent £6.460m on capital projects compared with the revised budget of £8.126m.

The reasons for the decreased expenditure were :-

	£'000
Expenditure rephased into 2008-2009	(1,828)
New capitalised expenditure	89
Overspending	36
Advanced Expenditure	46
Underspending	(9)
Net variation	(1,666)

This capital expenditure was financed as shown below:-

	£'000
Loan	30
Proceeds from the sale of assets	796
Grants	4,135
Reserves	1,349
Revenue	150
Total financing	6,460

Total loans outstanding owed to external sources for capital spending amount to £15.198m. Under the prudential code for borrowing the Council assessed its limit for affordable borrowing at £45m and its operational boundary at £30m.

The Council provides for the pensions of its past and present employees contributing to the East Sussex County Council Pension Fund. The Council's share of this fund at the 31st March 2008 showed a deficit of £13.875m following the most recent actuarial valuation.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information about the accounts is available from Financial Services at the address shown on page 1.

N. Dart , CPFA , Deputy Chief Executive and Director of Corporate Resources

AUDIT REPORT (to be updated)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO HASTINGS BOROUGH COUNCIL

OPINION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I have audited the statement of Hastings Borough Council for the year ended 31st March 2008 under the Audit Commission Act 1998, which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, Statement of the Movement on the General Fund balance, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Cash Flow Statement, the Collection Fund, and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out within them.

This report is made solely to Hastings Borough Council in accordance with Part II of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 36 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies prepared by the Audit Commission.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND AUDITORS

The Chief Finance Officer's responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Local Authority in the United Kingdom 2006 are set out in the Statement of Accountable Officer's responsibilities.

My responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

I report to you my opinion as to whether the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Council in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2006.

I review whether the statement on internal control reflects compliance with CIPFA's guidance: 'The Statement on Internal Control in Local Government: Meeting the Requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003' (issued in April 2004). I report if it does not comply with proper practices specified by CIPFA or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the statement on internal control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the authority's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

I read other information published with the financial statements, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Explanatory Forward. I consider the implications for my report if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. My responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

I conducted out my audit in accordance with the Audit Commission Act 1998, the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Authority in preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Authority's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming my opinion I evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In my opinion the financial statements present fairly, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2006, the financial position of the Authority as at 31 March 2007 and its income and its income and expenditure for the year then ended.

	Auditor
PKF (UK) LLP	
30th September 2	008

AUDIT REPORT - (to be updated)

CONCLUSION ON ARRANGEMENTS FOR SECURING ECONOMY, EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS IN THE USE OF RESOURCES

AUTHORITY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper proper stewardship and governance, and to regularly review the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Under the Local Government Act 1999, the authority is required to prepare and publish a best value performance plan summarising the authority's assessment of its performance and position in relation to its statutory duty to make arrangements to ensure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

I am required by the Audit Commission Act 1998 to be satisfied that proper arrangements have been made by the authority for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of its resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission requires me to report to you my conclusion in relation to proper arrangements, having regard to relevant criteria specified by the Audit Commission for principal local authorities. I report if significant matters have come to my attention which prevent me from concluding that the authority has made such proper arrangements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether all aspects of the authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

I am required by section 7 of the Local Government Act 1999 to carry out an audit of the authority's best value performance plan and issue a report:

- * certifying that I have done so;
- * stating whether I believe that the plan has been prepared and published in accordance with statutory requirements set out in section 6 of the Local Government Act 1999 and statutory guidance; and
- * where relevant, making any recommendations under section 7 of the Local Government Act 1999.

CONCLUSION

I have undertaken my audit in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice and I am satisfied that, having regard to the criteria for principal local authorities specified by the Audit Commission and published in December 2006. I am satisfied that, in all significant respects, Hastings Borough Council made proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ending 31 march 2008.

BEST VALUE PERFORMANCE PLAN

I issued my statutory report on the audit of the authority's best value performance plan for the financial year 2007/08 in December 2007. I did not identify any matters to be reported to the authority and did not make any recommendations on procedures in relation to the plan.

CERTIFICATE

I certify that I have completed the audit of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission.

.....Auditor

30th September 2008

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

THE COUNCIL'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Council is required :-

- (i) to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. In Hastings that officer is the Deputy Chief Executive and Director of Finance (referred to as the Deputy Chief Executive hereafter).
- (ii) to manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEPUTY CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The Deputy Chief Executive is responsible for the preparation of the Council's statement of accounts which, in terms of the CIPFA / LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in Great Britain ('the Code'), is required to present fairly the financial position of the Council at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2007.

In preparing this statement of accounts, the Deputy Chief Executive has :-

- (i) selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently;
- (ii) made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent;
- (iii) complied with the Code.

THE DEPUTY CHIEF EXECUTIVE HAS ALSO:

- (i) kept proper accounting records which were up to date;
- (ii) taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

N Dart CPFA, Deputy Chief Executive and Director of Corporate Resources

ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

SCOPE OF RESPONSIBILITY

Hastings Borough Council is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. Hastings Borough Council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, Hastings Borough Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs, facilitating the effective exercise of its functions, and which includes arrangements for the management of risk.

Hastings Borough Council has approved and adopted a code of corporate governance, which is consistent with the principles of the CIPFA/SOLACE framework *Delivering good governance in local government*.

A copy of the code is on our website at www.hastings.gov.uk . This statement explains how Hastings Borough Council has complied with the code and also meets the requirements of regulation 4 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2006 in relation to the publication of a statement on internal control.

THE PURPOSE OF THE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

The governance framework comprises the systems and processes, culture and values for the direction and control of the authority and its activities through which it accounts to, engages and leads the community. It enables the authority to monitor the achievement of its strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost-effective services.

The system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of not fully achieving policies, aims and objectives and therefore provides a reasonable rather than an absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of Hastings Borough Council policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

The governance framework has been in place for a number of years at Hastings Borough Council and, in particular, for the year ended 31 March 2008 and up to the date of approval of the Statement of Accounts.

THE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

The key elements of the systems and processes that comprise the authority's governance arrangements

including arrangements for:-

Hastings Borough Council continues to have an established Corporate Plan setting out its objectives and there is an accompanying Performance Plan in which achievement of the authority's objectives is monitored.

Hastings Borough Council facilitates policy and decision-making via a Cabinet Structure with Cabinet Member portfolios. There are Overview and Scrutiny Committees covering all portfolios. An Audit Committee provides independent assurance to the council on risk management and control, and the effectiveness of the arrangements the council has for these matters. The Constitution is reviewed annually by the Monitoring Officer and is codified into one document that is available on the intranet and external web pages.

Hastings Borough Council ensures compliance with established policies, procedures, laws and regulations - including risk management. There is a comprehensive corporate induction programme in place and information regarding policies and procedures are held on the intranet, which continues to be enhanced and developed. The Council has an Internal Audit function and established protocols for working with External Audit. The Audit Commission through its Inspectorate functions also reviews compliance with policies, procedures, laws and regulations within their remit.

Hastings Borough Council has continued to enhance and strengthen its internal control environment through the introduction of new policies and procedures.

The Council has had a risk management strategy since July 2002, and this is regularly reviewed. Leadership is provided to the risk management process by the Corporate Director Environmental Services who is the Risk Management Champion and the Deputy Leader who is designated as the Members Risk Management Champion. The Council has approached embedding of risk management in accordance with best practice guidance.

Hastings Internal Audit continues to provide training and support to give managers at all levels a better understanding of how to enhance risk management in their area of responsibility and to have some understanding of the process up and down the Council. The high-level risk management methodology is being reviewed to provide more focus to member and senior officer management of risk.

Hastings Borough Council ensures the economical, effective and efficient use of resources, and secures continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised by having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness as required by the Best Value Duty.

The Comprehensive Performance Assessment (CPA) framework currently assesses the Council as 'good'.

ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

THE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK (continued)

The Audit Commission's annual assessment of the Council stated in its main messages that:-

"The Council is improving services in line with its priorities and in those areas which matter to local people. It can demonstrate some high performing services in comparison with other district councils, for example, Planning and overall, it exhibits a strong rate of improvement. There are tangible examples of change, for example, the continuing physical regeneration of the area".

Financial management in Hastings Borough Council and the reporting of financial standing is undertaken through a general ledger and management information system, AGRESSO, which integrates the general ledger function with those of budgetary control and payments. These are supported by the Financial Operating Procedures (FOPS) Manual held on the council's intranet which contains information on financial and business procedures and processes to be followed in all areas of the council. A scheme of delegation which sets out the powers of Directors, the Financial rules and Contract Standing Orders form part of the Constitution. A rigorous system of monthly financial monitoring ensures that any significant budget variances are identified in a timely way, and corrective action is initiated.

Performance management in Hastings Borough Council and the reporting of performance management continues to be improved with a more focussed Corporate Plan setting out priorities and supported by a performance plan. The performance plan explains how the council will deliver the priorities and the commitments made in the Corporate Plan. The performance plan focusses on corporate priorities and reflects the council's determination to prioritise the areas of greatest importance for the people of Hastings. Performance indicators are recorded and monitored on the Performance Plus system.

REVIEW OF EFFECTIVENESS

Hastings Borough Council has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the Corporate Directors within the authority who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Audit Committee's Internal Audit and Risk management's annual report and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.

The Council contributes to the delivery and of the Community Strategy for Hastings through the Corporate Plan. This is supported by a planning framework, which includes policy framework plans and Directorate / Service Plans. The council monitors and reports publicly on progress so residents can see how issues that matter to them are being tackled. The plan is monitored on a quarterly basis by both the Performance Review Panels and Overview and Scrutiny Committees.

Service unit business plans contain a variety of performance indicators and targets that are regularly reviewed.

The Council's constitution, which is annually reviewed by the Monitoring Officer, sets out the responsibilities of both Members and their senior managers. In particular the council has identified the three statutory posts as follows:-

- * Head of Paid Service Chief Executive
- * Chief Financial Officer Deputy Chief Executive & Director of Corporate Resources
- * Monitoring Officer Borough Solicitor

The council continues to assess how its overall corporate governance responsibilities are discharged. In particular the council has adopted the CIPFA / Solace guidance and has developed a local code of corporate governance.

The arrangements for the provision of internal audit are contained within the Council's Financial Rules, which are included within the Constitution. The Deputy Chief Executive & Director of Corporate Resources is responsible for ensuring that there is an adequate and effective system of internal audit of the council's accounting and other systems of internal control as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003 as amended in 2006. The internal audit service is managed, independently, by the Deputy Chief Executive & Director of Corporate Resources, and operates in accordance with the CIPFA code of practice for Internal Audit in Local Government 2006. The Hastings audit plan is prioritised by a combination of the key internal controls, assessment and review on the basis of risk and the council's corporate governance arrangement, including risk management. The work is further supplemented by reviews around the main financial systems, scheduled visits to council establishments and fraud investigations. The resulting work plan is discussed and agreed with the Corporate Directors and the Audit Committee and shared with the Council's external auditor. Regular meetings between the internal and external auditor ensure that duplication of effort is avoided. All Hastings Internal Audit reports include an assessment of the adequacy of internal control and prioritised action plans to address any areas needing improvement. These are submitted to Members and Corporate Directors, as appropriate.

The council's review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:-

- * Directorate assurance based on management information, performance information, officer assurance statements and scrutiny reports
- * the work undertaken by Hastings audit during the year
- * the work undertaken by the external auditor reported in their annual audit and inspection letter
- * other work undertaken by independent inspection bodies.

From the work undertaken by Hastings Audit in 2007/08 the Chief Auditor was able to give the following assurance "I am able to provide a reasonable assurance" on the key areas of risk management, corporate governance and financial control. In this context "reasonable assurance" means that the systems can be relied upon to prevent error, fraud or

ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

REVIEW OF EFFECTIVENESS (continued)

misappropriation occurring without detection, and that nothing was found that would materially affect the council's standing or Annual Accounts. Internal Audit did identify a number of concerns that required remedial action and these were reported to the appropriate Corporate Director or Senior Manager during the year.

Progress has been made to enhance Data Quality in 2007/08. A summary is as follows:-

- * adoption of Data Quality Policy in September 2007/08, with action plan agreed (progress to be reported to September 2008 Audit Committee to coincide with annual assessment)
- * positive result from Data Quality Assessment, for 2006/07 period, HBC classified as "Performing well and above minimum requirements".
- * programme of Data Quality Reviews undertaken on areas identified as 'High Priority' including Development Control, Benefits, Forward Planning and Housing Options:Homelessness.
- * Data Quality issues and changes made to data previously reported, included in quarterly performance reports to the Overview and Scrutiny Committees.
- * work in third and fourth quarters of 2007/08 focussed on preparation for the introduction of new National Indicators from 1st April 2008, and the related comprehensive review of existing Best Value PI's, Local and Management PI's to create an appropriate suite of indicators for HBC from 1st April 2008.
- * risk assessment of National Indicators undertaken to identify focus of work and reporting in 2008/09. High-risk indicators identified as those where we need to establish a new process for reporting data not previously collected, e.g. biodiversity. Low risk indicators identified as those where existing reporting routes are well established (e.g. waste and re-cycling returns or homelessness statutory returns), or where a reliable external agency will be undertaking data collection e.g. DEFRA or MORI.
- * data sharing principles developed with officers within the East Sussex Performance Managers Group and Southern Performance Improvement Network to enable performance and benchmarking information to be shared.

The Council addresses all agreed recommendations made in inspection reports received on it. Significant progress has been made on the previous recommendations made in recent years as follows.

Homelessness: our approach to homelessness prevention has resolved 134 cases, where advice casework has prevented the need for a homelessness application, up from 96 preventions the previous year. This has helped reduce the number of cases of homelessness from 241 for 2006/07, to 156 for 2007/08. The number of households in temporary accommodation fell from 236 for 2006/07 to 132 for 2007/08.

Recycling: in 2006/07 the Council met its statutory recycling target of 18%, reaching 18.25%. In October 2007/08 an alternate weekly collection scheme was introduced, further

raising recycling levels above our statutory 20% target for the year. The provisional figure for the year is over 23%, and final figures are currently being confirmed with East Sussex County Council.

Council Tax collection: following a scrutiny review of Council tax collection, our rate for 2007/08 rose to 96.06%, from 95.3% the year before.

Sickness Absence: levels of sickness absence have fallen for the last two years, following a thorough review of processes for addressing sickness absence, and average number of days lost was 9.61 for 2007/08, down from 11.79 in 2006/07.

SIGNIFICANT GOVERNANCE ISSUES

Other areas which have been highlighted in the review of the council's internal control include those listed below. In each case the directors responsible have identified the risk involved and prepared plans to contain the risks and deliver the necessary improvements.

Systems of internal control can be strengthened by regularly carrying out full cash reconciliations. It should be stressed that daily cheque reconciliations have at all times been carried out and have been fully effective in promptly detecting any discrepancies. The Council accepts that the overall reconciliation is a key control that needs to be performed on a monthly basis. A regime has therefore been put in place to bring the overall reconciliations up to date, which is monitored weekly by senior management.

An external review was carried out by PKF (UK) LLP into income lost by the Council to an organisation providing cash collection services. It concluded that there had been weaknesses by the Council in its contract terms and conditions and weaknesses in contract performance and action taken to manage that performance. It also concluded that the Council's corporate risk management arrangements need to be strengthened to ensure that contract risks - including that of contract failure - are properly identified, and that serious contract performance problems are alerted to senior management and Members at the earliest opportunity. The council has accepted all 5 recommendations (3 of which were high priority and 2 medium priority) and is progressing the action plan accordingly.

It is known that there are overspends in the Museum project and Audit will be taking a report to the next Audit Committee with actions to strengthen project management. There is also an Officer Task Group examining how best to improve capital programme expenditure forecasting and management.

Chief Executive - Roy Mawford

Leader of the Council - P Pragnell

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

The general principles adopted in compiling the accounts are those recommended by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA), and also with guidance notes issued by CIPFA on the application of Statements of Recommended Practice (SORP's).

The accounts have been compiled in accordance with the 2007 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting the sale of assets (both tangible & intangible) to be Statements of Standard Accounting Practice (SSAP's) and Financial Reporting Standards (FRS's) relevant to local authorities.

authorities does not permit income over £10,000 of assets (both tangible & intangible) to be credited to the general fund revenue account as required by SSAP6. Therefore receipts from the disposal of assets are held in the capital receipts unapplied accounts.

The 2007 SORP introduced a number of changes to accounting practice these being explained in the Notes.

2. BASIS ON WHICH DEBTORS AND CREDITORS AT THE YEAR END ARE BROUGHT INTO ACCOUNT

The revenue and capital accounts of the Council are recorded on an income and expenditure basis with provision being made at the year end for debtors and creditors.

The accrual of income and expenditure into the period to which it relates accords with the accounting code of practice and FRS18.

3. NATURE OF SUBSTANTIAL RESERVES, PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT GAINS & LOSSES AND DEFERRED CHARGES

- (a) The Council maintains various reserves created under the provisions of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 and Local Government & Housing Act 1989. These include Capital Reserves, a Risk Management Reserve, a Renewal and Repairs Reserve, an Industrial Development Reserve, an Information Technology Reserve and a General Reserve (see notes to the Core Financial Statements).
- (b) The loan debt outstanding on mortgages granted to purchase housing, and loans to other organisations is shown in the Balance Sheet as Long Term Debtors.
- (c) Provisions have been established to provide for bad debts arising from general debtors, Council Taxpayers, residual sums due from Community Chargepayers, Business ratepayers and former tenants. These are in accordance with government regulations and accounting code of practice.

- (d) Deferred charges represent expenditure of a capital nature where no fixed asset is created. Such expenditure is normally witten off against revenue in the year in which it was incurred. Exceptions may include items of value to the authority which are then written off against revenue over appropriate periods.
- (e) Legislation on the capital receipts of local authorities does not permit income over £10,000 on the sale of assets (both tangible & intangible) to be credited to the general fund revenue account as required by SSAP6. Therefore receipts from the disposal of assets are held in the capital receipts unapplied account or capital receipts set aside account until such time as they are used. The legislation changed from 1 Sept. 1999 from when all capital receipts arising from the sale of non-housing assets can be used and none need be set aside.

Interest on unused capital receipts is credited to the General Fund.

(f) Contingent gains and losses arise from time to time where material sums apply (eg. legal claims pending settlement, disputed contractual liabilities, guarantees, grant approvals) at the balance sheet date. They are disclosed in notes to the Core Financial Statements.

4. BASIS OF PROVISION FOR REDEMPTION OF DEBT

The Council operates a Consolidated Loans and Investment Account into which all loans raised are paid and from which all loans are eventually repaid. Repayment of loans is made on the basis of a minimum revenue provision. This is calculated at 4 % of the Net Borrowing Requirement.

5. BASIS ON WHICH CAPITAL WORKS OR EXPENSES ARE RECORDED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

Capital works and expenses are recorded in the balance sheet at cost except for appropriation of land and buildings which are recorded at value current at the time of appropriation.

Expenditure of less than £50,000 on any one scheme is generally treated as revenue.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

6. BASIS OF VALUATION OF ASSETS

In the Balance Sheet :-

- (i) Infrastructure and community assets are shown at historical cost net of depreciation.
- (ii) Operational land and properties and other operational assets are shown at an open market valuation.
- (iii) Non-operational land and properties and other non-operational assets, and assets that are surplus to requirements, are shown at an open market valuation.
- (iv) Intangible Assets are shown at historic cost net of depreciation.

7. BASIS OF DEPRECIATION PROVISION

Depreciation has been provided for on all fixed assets with a finite useful life, which can be determined at the time of acquisition or revaluation. This includes freehold property.

It has been calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining life of those assets. It is assessed on the difference between the book value and any estimated residual value.

8. COSTS OF SUPPORT SERVICES

The aim is to allocate the costs of Support Services completely over all the services of the Council. Minor residual balances are transferred to holding accounts to be adjusted in later years.

The bases of allocation used for the main costs of Support Services are outlined as follows:-

Administrative staff:

Apportionment of staff time for each member of staff.

Project Management staff:

Actual time spent by the relevant staff.

Administrative Buildings:

All costs are pooled and recharged on the basis of the number of staff occupying those buildings.

9. COST OF THE CORPORATE & DEMOCRATIC CORE & UNAPPORTIONED CENTRAL OVERHEADS

The costs of corporate policy making, public accountability and of unapportionable central overheads for which no user continues to benefit, are not allocated but remain as a charge to the General Fund in their own right.

10. INTEREST CHARGES

Net interest on external loans and investments paid by the Consolidated Loans and Investment Account is recharged to the Income and Expenditure Account.

A proportion of that interest is then further recharged to Housing Act Advances and shared services (on the basis of notional outstanding debt).

11. STOCKS

Separate stock accounts are kept for souvenirs, waste bins, tourist information, materials, and office supplies. They are valued on the basis of cost or net realisable value.

12. PENSIONS

The Council contributes to the East Sussex County Council Pension Fund. It is a defined benefit scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The fund is responsible for all pension payments except for additional entitlements to payments which have been granted at the discretion of Hastings Council.

The Council complies with FRS17 which relates to the accounting treatment of accumulated retirement benefits earned at the balance sheet date, even if the actual benefits are paid out over many years into the future. The policy reflects the commitment in the long term to increase employer contributions to make up any shortfall in attributable assets in the pension fund.

13. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Revenue grants are matched with the expenditure to which they relate. They are credited to the revenue account of the period in respect of which they are payable.

Where the acquisition of a fixed asset is either wholly or partially financed by government grant, the amount of grant is credited to a government grants deferred account and written off to the related service account over the useful life of the asset to match the depreciation of the asset to which it relates.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

14. LEASES

Finance Leases - rental payments under finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding obligation, with the finance charge being allocated and charged to revenue over the term of the lease.

Operating Leases - rentals payable under operating leases are charged to revenue over the term of the lease.

15. VAT

VAT has only been included in the accounts when it is irrecoverable.

16. FAIR VALUE

The fair value of borrowings has been based on the comparable new borrowing / deposit rate for the same financial instrument from a comparable lender. A consistent approach has been applied to assets and liabilities.

INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

2006-2007 Adjusted		2007-2008 GROSS	2007-2008 INCOME	2007-2008 NET	2007-2008 Pension adjustment	2007-2008 Adjusted
Net Expend.		EXPEND.		EXPEND.	under FRS 17 1	Net Expend.
£'000	SERVICES	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Cultural, Environmental & Planning Services:					
706	Cultural Services	706	(83)	623	(3)	620
5,736	Environmental Services	8,302	(2,648)	5,654	(22)	5,632
1,697	Planning and Development Services	5,671	(3,826)	1,845	(21)	1,824
3,182	Recreation & Sport	4,567	(977)	3,590	(16)	3,574
828	Tourism	1,609	(686)	923	(5)	918
1,024	Community Development	5,033	(3,979)	1,054	(13)	1,041
1,827	Other	819	(19)	800	(2)	798
	Highways, Roads & Transport Services:					
(757)	Highways - Parking	2,086	(3,639)	(1,553)	(3)	(1,556)
768	Transportation - Concessionary Fares	1,079	(28)	1,051	0	1,051
376	Other	822	(518)	304	(4)	300
	Housing Services:					
208	Housing Benefits	47,008	(46,991)	17	(13)	4
2,362	Housing - other than Council Housing	4,662	(2,915)	1,747	(14)	1,733
805	Central Services to the Public	2,092	(668)	1,424	(11)	1,413
3,100	Corporate & Democratic Core Expenses	2,739	(170)	2,569	(21)	2,548
604	Non Distributed Costs	1,121	(373)	748	(4)	744
(78)	Other Funds (see Note 32)	72	0	72	0	72
22,388	Net Cost of Services	88,388	(67,520)	20,868	(152)	20,716
(1,828)	(Surplus) / Deficit on Trading Undertakings not included in Net Cost of Services - Note 2	2,574	(3,731)	(1,157)	(4)	(1,161)
(232)	(Gains) & Losses on Disposal of Fixed Assets	0	(152)	(152)) 0	(152)
(1,268)	Interest and Investment Income	0	(1,574)	(1,574)		(1,574)
898	Interest Payable and similar charges Pensions Interest Cost and expected Return	804	0	804		804
(109)	on Pensions Assets	0	0	0	(204)	(204)
19,849	Net Operating Expenditure	91,766	(72,977)	18,789	(360)	18,429
	SOURCES OF FINANCE					
(1,601)	General Government Grants			(1,557)) 0	(1,557)
(8,045)	Non Domestic Rates Redistribution			(8,485)) 0	(8,485)
0	Transfers to / from Collection Fund re previous	years (surpluses)) / deficits	45	0	45
(6,055)	Amount met from Collection Fund			(6,289)	0	(6,289)
4,148	(Surplus) / Deficit for the year		•	2,503	(360)	2,143

¹ Financial Reporting Standard 17 (FRS17) requires an adjustment to be made to the accounts to reflect the difference between the actual employer contribution to the pension fund and the estimated true economic cost of employing people in a financial year, earning years of service that will eventually entitle them to a pension at retirement.

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT ON THE GENERAL FUND BALANCE

The Income & Expenditure Account shows the Council's actual financial performance for the year, measured in terms of the resources consumed and generated over the last twelve months. However, the authority is required to raise council tax on a different basis, the main differences being:-

- * Capital investment is accounted for as it is financed, rather than when the fixed assets are consumed.
- * Depreciation and impairment of fixed assets is charged to the Income & Expenditure Account but cannot be charged to the General Fund. The amortisation of intangible fixed assets is treated in a similar way.
- * Retirement benefits are charged as amounts become payable to pension funds and pensioners, rather than as future benefits are earned.
- * A statutory provision for the repayment of debt related to capital investment is included when determining the General Fund balance, but is not included in the Income & Expenditure Account.
- * Net gains or losses on the sale of fixed assets is charged to the Income & Expenditure Account but cannot be charged to the General Fund.
- * The net transfer from reserves is excluded from the Income & Expenditure Account but is included when determining the General Fund balance.

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000	2007-2008 £'000
	Change in the General Fund Balance for the year analysed between:		
(4,148)	Surplus / (deficit) for the year on the Income & Expenditure Account	(2,143)	
4,226	Net additional amount required by statute and non-statutory proper practices to be credited to the General Fund Balance for the year - Note 15.	2,071	(72)
78			(72)
553	General Fund Balance brought forward (see Note. 32)		631
631	General Fund Balance carried forward		559

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS & LOSSES (STRGL)

This statement brings together all the gains and losses of the Council for the year and shows the aggregate increase in its net worth. In addition to the surplus generated on the Income & Expenditure Account, it includes gains and losses relating to the revaluation of fixed assets and re-imbursement of the net liability to cover the cost the cost of retirement benefits.

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
4,148	(Surplus) / Deficit on the Income & Expenditure Account for the year	2,143
(546)	(Surplus) / Deficit arising on revaluation of Fixed Assets	(1,676)
(5,301)	Actuarial (Gains) & Losses on Pension Fund Assets & Liabilities	(3,175)
281	(Surplus) / Deficit attributable to the Council on the Collection Fund	(44)
(1,223)	Other (Gains) & Losses	(647)
(2,641)	Total Recognised (Gains) & Losses for the year	(3,399)

BALANCE SHEET

Ingible Assets: Department Assets- Note 18 Land & Buildings Infrastructure Assets Vehicles, Plant, Furniture & Equipment Community Assets Non-operational Assets- Note 19 Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	£'000 11,158 12,543 1,837 13,767 27,822 338 1,586	£'000 39,305
Deperational Assets- Note 18 Land & Buildings Infrastructure Assets Vehicles, Plant, Furniture & Equipment Community Assets Non-operational Assets- Note 19 Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	12,543 1,837 13,767 27,822 338	39,305
Land & Buildings Infrastructure Assets Vehicles, Plant, Furniture & Equipment Community Assets Non-operational Assets- Note 19 Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	12,543 1,837 13,767 27,822 338	39,305
Infrastructure Assets Vehicles, Plant, Furniture & Equipment Community Assets Non-operational Assets- Note 19 Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	12,543 1,837 13,767 27,822 338	39,305
Vehicles, Plant, Furniture & Equipment Community Assets Non-operational Assets- Note 19 Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	1,837 13,767 27,822 338	39,305
Community Assets Non-operational Assets- Note 19 Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	27,822 338	39,305
Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	338	
Investment Properties Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	338	
Assets under Construction Surplus Assets, held for Disposal	338	
	1,586	
tangible Assets: Note 20		29,746
tangible Assets: Note 20		69,051
		565
otal of Fixed Assets		69,616
NIC TERM INVESTMENTS		
		0
ONG TERM DERTORS Note 22		
		62
		237
otal Long -Term Assets		69,915
		74
		74 9,044
		9,044 18,801
•		5
saon in Fiana		
		27,924
		,
		(5,643)
		(3,508)
Sank Overdrait		(2,746)
		(11,897)
et Current Assets / (Liabilities)		16,027
otal Assets less current liabilities		85,942
	DNG TERM INVESTMENTS nvestments DNG TERM DEBTORS Note 22 Mortgages Other otal Long -Term Assets URRENT ASSETS Stocks - Note 23 Debtors - Note 24 Short Term Deposits - Note 37 Cash in Hand URRENT LIABILITIES Creditors - Note 25 Borrowing repayable on demand or within one year - Note 26 Bank Overdraft otal Assets less current liabilities	ONG TERM DEBTORS Note 22 Mortgages Other Otal Long -Term Assets URRENT ASSETS Stocks - Note 23 Oebtors - Note 24 Short Term Deposits - Note 37 Cash in Hand URRENT LIABILITIES Creditors - Note 25 Borrowing repayable on demand or within one year - Note 26 Bank Overdraft et Current Assets / (Liabilities)

BALANCE SHEET

2006-2007 £'000		2007 £'000	-2008 £'000
84,728	Total Assets less Current Liabilities b/f		85,942
(15,198) 0 (11,198) (1,790) (17,410) (45,596)	LONG TERM LIABILITIES Long Term Borrowing repayable in excess of 1 year - Note 26 Deferred Liabilities - Note 27 Government Grants Deferred Provisions - Note 28 Liability related to a Defined Benefit Pension scheme - Note 5		(15,317) 0 (12,389) (1,830) (13,875) (43,411)
39,132	Total Assets less Liabilities		42,531
	FINANCED BY:		
(43) (274) (631)	Deferred Credits - Note 29 Trust Funds - Note 30 Revenue Balances - Note 32		(35) (487) (559)
(10,228) 0 3,402 (48,993)	Reserves - Note 31 Financial Instruments Adjustment Account - Note 31a Fixed Asset Restatement Account - Note 33 Capital Financing Account - Note 34		(8,774) (289)
0 17,410	Revaluation Reserve - Note 33 Capital Adjustment Account - Note 34 Usable Capital Receipts Reserve - Note 35 Pensions Reserve - Note 36		(1,704) (44,432) (307) 13,875
225	Collection Fund Balance * - Note 38 Hastings Borough Council		181
(39,132)	Total Net Worth		(42,531)

^{*} see Collection Fund Income & Expenditure Account on pages 47 to 49 for detail.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

This consolidated statement summarises the inflows and outflows of cash arising from transactions with third parties for revenue and capital purposes.

2006-2007 £'000	REVENUE ACTIVITIES		2007-2008 £'000
17,789 20,917 34,713 16,176	CASH OUTFLOWS Cash paid to and on behalf of employees Other operating cash payments Housing benefit payments National non-domestic rate payments to national pool & other a	djustments	18,389 25,686 37,594 16,045
34,517	Net Precepts paid		35,980
124,112	CASH INFLOWS		133,694
(31,743) (16,066) (8,045) (1,507)	Council Tax income National non-domestic rate receipts from ratepayers National non-domestic rate receipts from national pool Revenue Support Grant		(34,483) (16,688) (8,485) (1,424)
(44,616) (8,561)	DWP grants for benefit payments Other government / agencies grants	Note 42.	(47,809) (6,513)
(13,084)	Cash received for goods & services & rents	NOIE 42.	(16,287)
(123,622)			(131,689)
490	Net expenditure / (income)		2,005
920	SERVICING OF FINANCE CASH OUTFLOWS Interest paid		467
(1,125)	CASH INFLOWS Interest received		(518)
285	Net Revenue Activities	Note 41.	1,954
	CAPITAL ACTIVITIES CASH OUTFLOWS		
5,776 0	Purchase of fixed and intangible assets Other capital cash payments		6,065 0
5,776			6,065
(1,067) (2,983) 0	CASH INFLOWS Sale of other fixed assets Capital grants received Other capital cash receipts		(542) (4,960) 0
1,726	Net Capital Activities		563
2,011	Net cash (inflow) / outflow before financing	Note 43.	2,517

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

2006-2007 £'000	FINANCING	2007-2008 £'000
	CASH OUTFLOWS	
6,000	Repayment of amounts borrowed CASH INFLOWS	2,500
0	New loans raised	0
0	New short -term loans	0
6,000		2,500
	MANAGEMENT OF LIQUID RESOURCES	
(8,675)	Net (decrease) / increase in short-term lending & bank deposits Note 44.	(3,000)
(8,675)		(3,000)
(664)	Net (Increase) / decrease in cash	2,017

NOTE 1. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Fixed assets belonging to the Foreshore Trust have been written out of the balance sheet as at 1 April 2007. Both years figures now reflect the reduction - a net £3.395m made up from £2.103m of Operational Assets and £1.292 of Non-Operational Assets. The opposite entry is to the Capital Financing Account.

Revenue Balances - Note 32 - S38 and S106 monies being held before their eventual release have been re-categorised as receipts in advance and now reflect as Creditors at the 31st March 2007.

The total sum was £308,000 and both Balances and Creditors have been restated to reflect this transfer.

NOTE 2. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

The Council operates various undertakings whose financial results were as follows:-

2006-2007 NET £'000		EXPEND. £'000	2007-2008 INCOME £'000	NET £'000
(2,343)	Employment Areas, Factories, Land & Property Entertainments & Amenities	1,631	(3,353)	(1,722)
542	- White Rock Theatre	560	0	560
12	- Caves & Castle	88	(78)	10
(44)	- Chalets, Hut Sites and Cliff Railways	295	(300)	(5)
(1,833)		2,574	(3,731)	(1,157)
5	Adjustment for pension contributions under FRS17			(4)
(1,828)	Net deficit / (surplus)			(1,161)

NOTE 3. EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION (excluding employers pension contributions)

The number of employees of the Council whose emoluments were within the following ranges were :-

2006-2007		2007-2008
8	£50,001 - 60,000	12
2	£60,001 - 70,000	1
4	£70,001 - 80,000	5
2	£80,001 - 90,000	1
1	£90,001 - £100,000	1
17		20

NOTE 4. AMOUNT SET ASIDE FOR THE REPAYMENT OF EXTERNAL LOANS - MRP

From 1 April 2007 Government introduced new regulations concerned with the treatment of MRP. This places a general duty on the Council to make prudent provision for the re-payment of capital debt. The Councils financial advisors have reviewed the local position and ascertained that for 2007-08 no provision need be made.

2006-2007 £'000	General Fund schemes	2007-2008 £'000
0	Concrair and soriemes	0

NOTE 5. PENSION COSTS

The Council provides for the pensions of its past and present employees by way of annual contributions to the East Sussex County Council Pension Fund. It is a defined benefit scheme providing benefits based on final

2006-2007	7		2007-2008	
£'000	%		£'000	% of pension- able pay
2,227	19.50	Primary contribution	2,397	20.80
158	1.38	Discretionary years, added years and lump sums awarded	161	1.40
2,385	20.88	Total payments to the Pension Fund	2,558	22.20

The last full actuarial valuation was as at 31 March 2007. The cost of providing pensions has risen mainly as a result of the lower returns on investments, the longevity of members and the level of early retirements in the past. The assessed defict of £13.875m impacts on the Council by way of increased employer contributions. Over the next three years the primary contribution will be 21.8%.

Hastings Nos.			Hastings Nos.
at 31 Jan.2007			at 31 Jan.2008
532	Active Members		494
483	Deferred Pensioners		519
626	Pensioners		630
1,641			1,643
2006-2007			2007-2008
£'000		% of payroll	£'000
2,505	Current Service Cost	19.06%	2,196
60	Past Service Cost	0.45%	52
0	Impact of Settlements & Curtailments	1.45%	167
2,565	Total Operating Charge (A)	20.96%	2,415
4,754	Expected Return on Employer Assets	45.84%	5,283
(4,645)	Interest on Pension Scheme Liabilities	(44.07%)	(5,079)
109	Net Return (B)	1.77%	204
2,456	Net Revenue Account Cost (A) - (B)	19.19%	2,211
2006-2007			2007-2008
£'000			£'000
(22,640)	Deficit at the beginning of the year		(17,410)
(2,505)	Current Service Cost		(2,196)
(60)	Past Service Cost		(52)
0	Impact of Settlements & Curtailments		(167)
158	Contributions in respect of Unfunded Benefits		161
2,227	Employer contributions (as estimated by Actuary)		2,410
109	Net Return on Assets		204
5,301	Actuarial gains / (losses)		3,175
(17,410)	Deficit at end of year		(13,875)

The Actuary has made no allowance in his calculations for the potential effect of employee or deferred pensioner members electing to take additional tax-free cash at retirement, as is permitted from April 2006.

Note: see also note 35.

2006-2007 £'000 36 76,845	Difference between expected and actual return on assets Value of Assets		2007-2008 £'000 (8,065) 72,395
0.00%		% of assets	11.14%
51	Experience gains / (losses) on liabilities		(2,955)
94,255	Value of Liabilities		86,270
(0.10%)		% of assets	(3.43%)
5,301	Actuarial gains / (losses)		3,175
94,255	Value of Liabilities		86,270
5.60%		% of assets	3.68%

NOTE 6. LEASES

Vehicles, plant and equipment have been acquired through operating leases. During the year payments under operating lease agreements, together with the future obligations are shown in the table below. There are no finance leases at the current time.

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
296	Operating Leases (vehicles)	302
0	Finance Leases (unit factories, fixed plant and equipment)	0
296		302
401	Future cash payments required under Operating Leases	459

NOTE 7. MEMBERS ALLOWANCES

Allowances and expenses paid to Councillors during the year were :-

2006-2007 £'000 269 24	Members Allowances Conferences, Training and Travelling Expenses	2007-2008 £'000 278 18
293		296
32	Number of Councillors	32
£9,166	Average sum per Councillor	£9,250

NOTE 8. SECTION 137 EXPENDITURE

Section 137 of the Local Government Act 1972, as amended, empowers local authorities to make contributions to certain charitable funds, not-for-profit bodies providing a public service in the UK and Mayoral appeals.

Generally this expenditure relates to grants made to voluntary groups where other powers do not exist.

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
145	Grants to Voluntary Organisations	130
145		130

NOTE 9. PUBLICITY EXPENDITURE

Since 1 April 1988 section 5 of the Local Government Act 1986 requires local authorities to keep a separate account of their expenditure on publicity, which is available for public inspection. The areas covered by the act include resort advertising and economic development advertising. During 2007-2008 this expenditure was as follows :-

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
134	Tourism Resort & Community Awareness publicity	134
134		134

NOTE 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year transactions with related parties arose as follows :-

	Receipts £'000	Payments £'000
Central Government		
Specific Revenue Grants	(54,322)	-
Revenue Support Grant (incl. LABGI)	(1,557)	-
Contributions to / from Business Rate Pool	(8,485)	16,045
Capital Grants	(4,960)	-
East Sussex County Council - precept	-	30,495
East Sussex Fire Authority - precept	-	2,145
Sussex Police Authority - precept	-	3,571
East Sussex County Council Pension Fund - payment of employer's pension contributions in respect of employees	-	2,558
Hastings Borough Council Staff - loans made to individual members of staff to assist with the purchase of vehicles and repayments	(49)	36
Hastings Borough Council Staff - grants to individual members of staff to assist with their costs of relocation when taking employment with the Council	-	0

NOTE 11. BUILDING CONTROL STATEMENT

Under the Building (Local Authority Charges) Regulations 1998 the Council has made a scheme that took effect from 1 April 1999. The expenditure and income divided between chargeable and non-chargeable was :-

2006-2007 £'000		Chargeable £'000	Non-chargeable £'000	2007-2008 £'000
368	Expenditure	218	134	352
(303)	Income	(232)	(55)	(287)
65	Net (Surplus) / Deficit	(14)	79	65

NOTE 12. AUDIT FEES

Fees were paid to the Council's external auditors for services carried out as follows:-

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
90	External audit services	117
41	Certification of Grant Claims and Returns	28
15	Other Services	0
146		145

NOTE 13. TRANSPORT ACT 2000

Under the powers conferred by this act the following expenditure was incurred (nil in 2007-08):-

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
17	Expenditure on an Evening Transport Service	0
14	Grant towards 'Dial-a-Ride' community transport service	0
31		

NOTE 14. LOCAL AREA AGREEMENT (LAA) GRANT

The Council is a participant in an LAA - a partnership with other public bodies involving the pooling of government grants to finance work towards jointly agreed objectives for public services. In 2007-08 the Council received the following grants via the East Sussex County Council as accountable body:-

Purpose of grant:-	2007-2008 £'000
Neighbourhood Management Pathfinder project	440
Building Safer Communities & Anti-Social Behaviour Co-ordinator	177
Local Enterprise Grant Initiative (LEGI) - revenue & capital schemes	1,426
Neighbourhood Element	547
Neighbourhood Renewal Fund	1,836
Waste & Efficiency Grant	73
	4,499

£'000		2007-2008 £'000
	Amounts included in the Income & Expenditure Account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year	
(316)	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	(283)
(1,391)	Depreciation and impairment of fixed assets	(2,223)
359	Government Grants Deferred amortisation	2,944
(859)	Write downs of deferred charges to be financed from capital resources	(2,810)
0	Unamortised discount on the premature repayment of PWLB long term loans	289
232	Net Gain / (Loss) on disposal of Fixed Assets	152
(2,456)	Net charges made for retirement benefits in accordance with FRS17	(2,198)
(4,431)		(4,129)
	Amounts not included in the Income & Expenditure Account but required by statute to be included when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year	
0	Minimum revenue provision for capital financing	0
0	Capital expenditure charged in-year to the General Fund Balance	0
2,385	Employers contributions payable to the ESCC Pension Fund and retirement	2,558
2,385		2,558
	Transfers to or from the General Fund Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year	
(2,346) 166	Movement on Earmarked Reserves Movement on General Reserves	(690) 190
(2,180)		(500)
	Net additional amount required to be credited to the General Fund Balance for the year	(2,071)

NOTE 16. ST	ATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS & LOSSES (STRGL):	
(SURPLUS) /	DEFICIT ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS	
2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
347	Writing down of Fixed Asset values	0
(961)	Unrealised Gains	(1,704)
68	De-Minimus adjustments	28
(546)	Net (gain) / loss	(1,676)
ACTUARIAL	GAINS & LOSSES ON PENSION FUND ASSETS & LIABILITIES	
£'000		£'000
36	Difference between the expected and actual return on assets	(8,065)
51	Differences between actuarial assumptions about liabilities and actual experience	(2,955)
5,214	Changes in demographic and financial assumptions used to estimate liabilities	14,195
5,301	Net gain / (loss)	3,175

From 2003-04 the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the UK has introduced the requirement to show the actuarial gains and losses related to the Council's share of the East Sussex Pension Fund.

NOTE 17. FIXED ASSETS

An analysis of fixed assets includes the following:-

An analysis of	fixed assets includes the following :-	
2006-2007		2007-2008
no's		no's
	Operational Land and Buildings :	
1	Town Hall	1
9	Offices	9
18	Off Street Car Parks	18
1	Leisure Centres and Pools	1
2	Museums and Galleries	2
2	Theatre and Entertainments Buildings	2
1	Cemetery	1
1	Crematorium	1
2	Cliff Railways	2
1	Hastings Castle	1
1	St.Clements Caves	1
	Community Assets :	
617 hectares	Parks, Recreation Grounds and Open Spaces	617 hectares
3	Reservoirs	3
	Non-operational Assets :	
1	St.Mary in the Castle	1
36 units	Commercial Property rented out	36 units
131 units	Industrial Land and Property rented out	131 units
3	Agricultural Properties	3
1	Fishmarket	1
	Infrastructure Assets :	
1	Harbour Arm	1
4km		4km
1 4KIII	Promenage	48111
4km	Promenade Coast Defence Walls	4km

Assets are revalued on a rolling programme basis, service by service. On this basis all assets are revalued within a five year period.

Operational and Non-operational assets are valued on an open market basis. Infrastructure and Community assets are valued on a historic cost basis.

Valuations are carried out in-house by the Council's Estates Manager who is an Member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

Depreciation on all tangible assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining life of those assets. It is assessed on the difference between the book value and any estimated residual value. Amortisation of intangible assets is generally calculated over a five year life.

Certain seafront car parks and other land and buildings along the seashore are in the ownership of the Foreshore Trust. These are currently managed by the Council and historically figure in the assets shown in the Balance Sheet. During 2007-08 these have been separated from the Council's accounts - a value of £3.395m has been written out of the 2006-07 and 2007-08 fixed asset balances.

During the year a number of assets were sold, amongst these were:-

Land at Broomgrove (old power station site) and Chiltern Drive

NOTE 18. OPERATIONAL ASSETS

Movements in operational assets during the year :-

	Land & Buildings £'000	Vehicles, Plant, Furniture & Equipment £'000	Infra- structure Assets £'000	Communit y Assets £'000	Total £'000
Gross Book Value at 1st April	9,748	1,755	18,378	13,577	43,458
Additions Disposals Impairments Revaluations Re-categorisation	476 0 (69) 1,591 0	993 (5) (31) 0 0	665 0 0 0	864 0 (2) 0 0	2,998 (5) (102) 1,591 0
Gross Book Value at 31st March	11,746	2,712	19,043	14,439	47,940
Accumulated Depreciation at 1st April Depreciation this year	(529) (175)	` ,	(5,829) (671)	, ,	(7,566) (1,214)
Depreciation Written Out on Asset Movement	116	27	0	2	145
Accumulated Depreciation at 31st March	(588)	(875)	(6,500)	(672)	(8,635)
Net Book Value at 31st March	11,158	1,837	12,543	13,767	39,305

NOTE 19. NON-OPERATIONAL ASSETS

Movements in non-operational assets during the year :-

	Investment Properties £'000	Assets Under Cons- truction £'000	Surplus Assets held for Disposal £'000	Total £'000
Gross Book Value at 1st April	29,840	0	2,451	32,291
Additions Disposals Impairments Revaluations Re-categorisation Gross Book Value at 31st March	162 0 (870) 0 0	338 0 0 0 0 0	0 (865) 0 0 0 1,586	500 (865) (870) 0 0
Accumulated Depreciation at 1st April	(1,268)	0	0	(1,268)
Depreciation this year Depreciation Written Out on Asset Accumulated Depreciation at 31st March	(42) 0 (1,310)	0 0	0 0	(42) 0 (1,310)
Net Book Value at 31st March	27,822	338	1,586	29,746

Movements in intangible assets during the year :-				
		Software £'000	Other £'000	Total £'000
Gross Book Value at 1st April		1,431	0	1,43′
Additions		0	0	(
Disposals		0	0	(
Revaluations		0	0	
Re-categorisation		0	0	
Gross Book Value at 31st March		1,431	0	1,43
Accumulated Amortisation at 1st April		(583)	0	(583
Ammortisation this year		(283)	0	(28
Accumulated Ammortisation at 31st March		(866)	0	(86
Net Book Value at 31st March		565	0	56
remains on the face of the balance sheet.	n during the year o Balance a 1 April	t Expenditure		Balance a
remains on the face of the balance sheet.	Balance a	t Expenditure	Amount	Balance a
Renovation & Social Housing Grants	Balance a 1 April	t Expenditure	Amount written out	Balance a
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other	Balance a 1 April	£'000 0 1,825	Amount written out £'000	Balance a
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 0 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810	Balance a 31 March £'000
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 0 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810	Balance a 31 March £'000 as. 2007-200 £'000
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000 98 Mortgages	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 0 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810	Balance a 31 March £'000 8. 2007-200 £'000
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000 98 Mortgages 192 Loans to Businesses	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 0 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810	Balance a 31 March £'000 as. 2007-200 £'000
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000 98 Mortgages 192 Loans to Businesses 108 Car Loans to Staff	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 0 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810	Balance a 31 March £'000 as. 2007-200 £'000 614
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000 98 Mortgages 192 Loans to Businesses	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 0 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810	Balance a 31 March £'000 £'000 £'000 6 14 9 30
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000 98 Mortgages 192 Loans to Businesses 108 Car Loans to Staff 398	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 0 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810	Balance a 31 March £'000 as. 2007-200 £'000 614 9 30 (!
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000 98 Mortgages 192 Loans to Businesses 108 Car Loans to Staff 398 0 Less: Provision for bad debts 398 The SORP 2007 requires that the fair value of this c	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810 ay of car loar	Balance a 31 March £'000 8:000 6 14 9 30 (5 29
Renovation & Social Housing Grants Other NOTE 22. LONG TERM DEBTORS Mortgages granted for housing purposes, loans mad 2006-2007 £'000 98 Mortgages 192 Loans to Businesses 108 Car Loans to Staff 398 0 Less: Provision for bad debts 398 The SORP 2007 requires that the fair value of this caccounts. The following fair values apply:- Mortgages	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810 ay of car loar	Balance a 31 March £'000 S. 2007-200 £'000 6 14 9 30 (5 29 6
98 Mortgages 192 Loans to Businesses 108 Car Loans to Staff 398 0 Less: Provision for bad debts 398 The SORP 2007 requires that the fair value of this caccounts. The following fair values apply:-	Balance a 1 April £'000	£'000 1,825 0 985 0 2,810	Amount written out £'000 1,825 985 2,810 ay of car loar	Balance a 31 March £'000 Solution 2007-200 £'000 614 99 30 (!

006-2007		2007-200
£'000		£'000
74	Stocks of materials, souvenirs, provisions & office supplies	7
74		7
OTE 24. DE	BTORS	
006-2007		2007-200
£'000	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR:	£'000
7,620	Local Taxpayers	6,71
3,861	Government Departments / Bodies	2,647
858	Other Local Authorities & Public Bodies	48′
1,304 848	Collection Fund deficits attributable to precepting authorities Housing Rents & Benefit Payments	1,048 2,018
2,420	Sundry Debtors	2,490
16,911		15,40
(7,318)	<u>Less</u> : Provision for bad debts	(6,357
9,593	TOTAL	9,044
OTE 25. CR	EDITORS	2007-200
£'000	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR:	£'000
1,114	Government Departments / Bodies	1,79
719 0	Other Local Authorities & Public Bodies Collection Fund surpluses attributable to precepting authorities	80
5,422	Sundry Creditors	3,04
7,255	TOTAL	5,64

NOTE 26. BORROWING

2006-2007 £'000	SOURCE OF LOAN	2007-2008 £'000
6,000 15,198	Money Market - Short Term Public Works Loan Board	# 3,508 * 15,317
21,198		18,825

[#] Includes accrued interest of £7,825.

AN ANALYSIS OF LOANS BY MATURITY (Excluding accrued interest & discounts)

	7117 THE TOTAL OF LOTHING BY MIXTORITY (Excidenting accorded intercent a discour			
£'000			Interest rate	£'000
6,000	Maturing within one year		% 5.44	3,500
6,000	Total borrowing repayable within one year			3,500
0 15,198	Maturing in 1 - 15 years Maturing in more than 15 years		4.68	0 15,198
15,198	Total borrowing repayable in excess of one year (Long	Term Borro	wing)	15,198
21,198	Total Borrowing	average	4.82	18,698

The SORP 2007 requires that the fair value of this category of asset be disclosed in the notes to the accounts. The following fair values apply:-

Money Market - Short Term	3,508
Public Works Loan Board	15,366
	18,874

NOTE 27. DEFERRED LIABILITIES

Deferred liabilities arise from outstanding finance lease agreements for such items as unit factories and fixed & moveable plant. However all such agreements have now ceased.

^{*} Includes accrued interest of £118,418

NOTE 28. PROVISIONS

Provisions have been created for liabilities that will occur sometime in the future but are of uncertain timing or amount.

	Balance at	Balance at Receipts in Payments in			
	1 April	Year	Year	31 March	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Restructuring of Council Directorates	113	0	0	113	
The Foreshore Trust	1,350	0	0	1,350	
Other miscellaneous provisions	327	50	10	367	
	1,790	50	10	1,830	

- (i) a provision has been put aside to fund the costs arising out of restructuring Council Directorates. It is budgeted to be used during 2008/9.
- (ii) a provision has been set up during the year in anticipation of the Foreshore Trust settlement in 2008-09. (see also Note 39.)
- (iii) other miscellaneous provisions are likely to be used during 2008/9, or soon thereafter.

NOTE 29. DEFERRED CREDITS

Deferred Credits have mainly arisen from mortgages on sales of ex-Council houses, which form the main part of mortgages under long term debtors and loans made to local businesses and other organisations.

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
35	Mortgagors	27
8 43	Loans to Business & Other Organisations	35

NOTE 30. TRUST FUNDS

The Foreshore Trust has recently been constituted in accordance with a conveyance on trust from the Crown to Hastings Corporation in 1893 to hold an area of the foreshore on trust for the common good of all Her Majesty's subjects. Until recently the trust had not been activated. During 2007-08 the net income from Trust activities (mostly car parking and seafront entertainments) was assessed at £213,011.

The Council also acts as trustee for legacies left by inhabitants of the Borough and elsewhere. The main trusts are summarised below:-

	Balance at 1 April £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Balance at 31 March £'000
The Foreshore Trust Brassey Fund (purchase of Museum exhibits etc.)	255 17	213 2	•	468 17
Vicat Cole Bequest	2	0	0	2
	274	215	2	487

NOTE 31. RESERVES

	Balance at 1 April £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Balance at 31 March £'000
Capital Reserve	5,285	316	1,517	4,084
General Reserve	1,831	190	0	2,021
Renewal and Repairs Reserve	1,571	400	323	1,648
Risk Management Reserve	273	36	7	302
Industrial Development Reserve	210	109	260	59
Information Technology Reserve	404	125	168	361
On-Street Car Parking Surplus Reserve	181	49	129	101
Planning Development Reserve	277	365	640	2
Interest Equalisation	188	C	0	188
Other Reserves	8	C	0	8
	10,228	1,590	3,044	8,774

- (I) The General Reserve is used to support revenue spending.
- (ii) The Renewal and Repairs Reserve is maintained for the purchase of vehicles, plant, equipment and the repair and redecoration of property.
- (iii) The Risk Management Reserve is used to cover excesses on claims and certain small risks. The object is to minimise insurance premiums whilst providing sufficent cover.
- (iv) The Industrial Development Reserve provides grants and loans to encourage and assist local businesses.
- (v) The Information Technology Reserve is for the purpose of financing the purchase of computing equipment and computer systems required by the Council.
- (vi) Surpluses from On-street car parking are shared with East Sussex County Council. Both shares will be spent on traffic management and transportation issues within the borough.
- (vii) The unused part of Planning Development grant received from central government has been treated as a reserve.
- (viii) the Interest Equalisation reserve has been created to 'smooth' the expected fluctuations in interest rates that would otherwise effect the revenue earnings arising from the substantial short term deposits.

NOTE 31a. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS ADJUSTMENT ACCOUNT

This is a statutory account that is carrying the unamortised part of a discount received during the year for the premature repayment of a £10m loan from the PWLB. The sum is written down to the Income & Expenditure Account over a 10 year period.

	Balance at	Income	Expenditure	Balance at
	1 April			31 March
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Financial Instruments Adjustment Account	0	289	9 0	289

NOTE 32. REVENUE BALANCES

See also 'Statement of Movement on the General Fund Balance' for movement on the year.

	Balance at 1 April £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Balance at 31 March £'000
General Fund net service balance Other Funds	500 131		0 0 72	500 59
	631	(72	559

NOTE 33. REVALUATION RESERVE (Incorporating the FIXED ASSET RESTATEMENT RESERVE)

The Balance Sheet figures for the 31st March 2007 have been adjusted from those included in the Statement of Accounts for 2006-07 to accommodate the implementation of the Revaluation Reserve. This reserve replaces the Fixed Asset Restatement Account. The balance of £3.4m has been written off to the Capital Financing Account to form the new Capital Adjustment Account. The Revaluation Reserve has been included in the Balance Sheet with a zero opening balance. The closing balance will therefore show revaluation gains accumulated since 1 April 2007.

	Balance at 1 April £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Balance at 31 March £'000
Revaluation Reserve Fixed Asset Restatement Account	0 3,402	1,704 0	0 3,402	(1,704) 0
	3,402	1,704	3,402	(1,704)

NOTE 34. CAPITAL ADJUSTMENT ACCOUNT (formerly the Capital Financing Account)

This account contains:-

- a. the amount of capital expenditure financed from revenue, reserves and capital receipts
- b. the difference between amounts provided for depreciation and that required to be charged to revenue to repay the principal element of external loans
- c. the amount released annually from the Government Grants Deferred account
- d. the amount written down anually from Deferred Charges

	Balance at 1 April £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Balance at 31 March £'000
Capital Adjustment Account	(48,993)	(5,143)	9,704	(44,432)
	(48,993)	(5,143)	9,704	(44,432)

Nb: see Note 1 regarding the re-statement of the opening balance with regard to the writing off of assets belonging to the Foreshore Trust - a reduction of £3.395m.

NOTE 35. USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS RESERVE

These represent proceeds from the sale of fixed assets such as land and property. Capital receipts can be used to finance new capital expenditure within government guidelines but they cannot be used for day to day spending. The unused amount is the balance shown below.

	Balance at 1 April £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Balance at 31 March £'000
Usable Capital Receipts Reserve	0	(1,153)	846	(307)
	0	(1,153)	846	(307)

NOTE 36. PENSION FUND ASSETS & LIABILITIES

The Council provides for the pensions of its past and present employees by way of annual contributions to the East Sussex County Council Pension Fund. It is a defined benefit scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. Part of the Pension Fund is attributable to Hastings Borough Council in recognition of the assets held and the liability of pensions to past and present employees.

An actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2008 for the purposes of FRS17 reveals :-

Assumptions as at 31 March:	2006-2007	2006-2007	2007-2008	2007-2008
Price increases		3.20%		3.60%
Salary increases		4.70%		5.10%
Pensions increases		3.20%		3.60%
Discount rate		5.40%		6.90%
		Fund Value		Fund Value
Expected Return:		£'000		£'000
Equities	7.80%	50,159	7.70%	47,580
Bonds	4.90%	9,847	5.70%	9,867
Property	5.80%	8,056	5.70%	6,948
Cash	4.90%	8,783	4.80%	8,000
	6.90%	76,845	6.90%	72,395

The actuary has assumed that 25% of the pension fund members took tax-free cash at retirement up to the HMRC limits.

Under the projected unit method the current service cost will increase as the pension fund members approach retirement age.

2006-2007

2007-2008

2000-2007	2007-2000
Fund Value	Fund Value
£'000	£'000
1,107,400	1,099,814
217,400	214,316
177,900	177,149
193,900	216,791
1,696,600	1,708,070
2006-2007	2007-2008
£'000	£'000
76,845	72,395
91,558	83,786
2,697	2,484
94,255	86,270
(17,410)	(13,875)
	Fund Value £'000 1,107,400 217,400 177,900 193,900 1,696,600 2006-2007 £'000 76,845 91,558 2,697

The overall position on the Balance Sheet if the Council's other reserves are taken into account is a net reserves deficit of £5.1m.

The three years deficits previous to 2006-07 are:- 2005/6 £22.640m; 2004/5 £23.183m; 2003/4 £11.478m.

NOTE 37. SHORT TERM DEPOSITS

The Council has invested it's surplus funds using a Fund Manager for the large part, and its own bankers when funds are temporarily in hand. The combined value was as follows:-

2006-2007 £'000		2007-2008 £'000
7,635	Bank Deposits	3,124
12,537	Certificates of Deposit	14,901
705	British Government Securities (Gilts)	776
20,877		18,801

The SORP 2007 requires that the fair value of this category of asset be disclosed in the notes to the accounts. The following fair values apply:-

Bank Deposits	3,124
Certificates of Deposit	14,901
British Government Securities (Gilts)	776
	18,801

NOTE 38. COLLECTION FUND

Surpluses and deficits that are attributable to the precepting authorities (East Sussex County Council, Sussex Police Authority and East Sussex Fire Authority) are shown in the top half of the Balance Sheet as creditors (surpluses) or debtors (deficits) as only the balance attributable to Hastings Borough Council as billing authority can be counted as 'Net Worth'.

NOTE 39. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a. With the setting up of the Foreshore Trust the trustees have come to an agreement with the Council that a sum of £1.35m should be paid in recognition of the past few years foreshore activities that include car parking and other revenue generating activities. The Charity Commission need to sanction this arrangement and there are still detailed terms to be resolved, including whether part of this sum is dealt with by land transfers. A provision of £1.35m has been created in the accounts in anticipation of the settlement. Note 29 shows that the activities in 2007-08 generated £213,011 which is being held within the accounts for The Foreshore Trust to use (see also Notes 16 & 26).

NOTE 40. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no material post balance sheet events.

06-2007	VENUE ACTIVITIES NET CASH FLOW	2007-20
£'000		£'000
4,148	Deficit / (Surplus) on year as shown in Income & Expenditure Account	2,1
1,890	Deficit / (Surplus) on year as shown in Collection Fund	(30
6,038		1,8
(4,534)	Add / (Less) non-cash transactions	2,0
(1,219)	Add / (Less) revenue items accrued in the accounts	(1,9
285	Deficit / (Surplus) on year	1,9
	IALYSIS OF OTHER GOVERNMENT / AGENCIES GRANTS	
06-2007 £'000		2007-20 £'000
(1,574)	Neighbourhood Renewal	(1,8
(396)	Planning Development Grant	(2:
(1,130)	LEGI - revenue schemes	(2:
(990)	Area Investment Framework (AIF)	(4
(2,308)	Single Regeneration Budget (SRB) - revenue schemes	(8)
(2,163)	Community Grants	(1,2
(2,103) {	Other	(1,6
(8,561)		(6,5
OTE 43. RE	CONCILIATION OF CASH FLOWS TO NET DEBT	2007-20 £'000
(664)	(Increase) / Decrease in cash at bank and in hand	2,0
8,675	(Increase) / Decrease in cash at bank and in hand (Increase) / Decrease in liquid resources	3,0
(2,500)	Increase / (Decrease) in short-term borrowing	(2,5)
(3,500)	(Repayment) / New Loans Raised re longer-term borrowing	(,,-
2,011		2,5
	QUID RESOURCES	2007 20
06-2007		2007-20 £'000
むししし	(Increase) / Decrease in short-term lending	2.000
£'000		(3,0
£'000 0 (8,675)	(Increase) / Decrease in bank deposits	• ,

COLLECTION FUND INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

£'000 £'000	INCOME	2007-2008 £'000
32,701	Income from Council Taxpayers Transfers from General Fund re Council Tax	34,474
8,482	- Council Tax Benefit awarded Sums recovered from Preceptors re previous year's Collection Fund deficit	8,841
0	- East Sussex County Council	215
0	- East Sussex Fire Authority	15
0	- Sussex Police Authority	25
0	- Hastings Borough Council	45
41,183	Total from Council Tax	43,615
1	Income collected from old system Community Charge	O
16,077	Income collectable from Business Ratepayers - Note 2	15,702
57,261		59,317
	EXPENDITURE	
29,123	East Sussex County Council Precept on Collection Fund - Note 3	30,495
3,357	Sussex Police Authority Precept on Collection Fund - Note 3	3,571
2,038	East Sussex Fire Authority	2,145
6,054	Hastings Borough Council Demand on Collection Fund - Note 3 Business Rate - Note 2	6,289
15,952	- Payment to National Pool	15,576
125	- Cost of Collection	126
	Bad & Doubtful Debts	
0	- Write offs of uncollectable Council Tax	1,898
2,502	 Provision for uncollectable Council Tax-addition / (reduction) to the sum required 	(1,083
59,151	_	59,017
1,890	Movement on Fund Balance - (surplus) / deficit	(300
	FUND BALANCE - Note 4	
(361)	Balance brought forward	1,529
1,890	(Surplus) / deficit for year	(300
1,529	Balance carried forward	1,229

COLLECTION FUND INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

NOTE 1. GENERAL

These accounts represent the transactions of the Collection Fund (accounting separately for income relating to council tax, non-domestic rates and residual community charge) which is a statutory fund separate from the main accounts of the Council, although it is consolidated with the other accounts to form the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The account has been prepared on the accruals basis. The costs of administering collection are accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTE 2. INCOME FROM BUSINESS RATES (NNDR)

Under the arrangements for uniform business rates, the Council collects non-domestic rates for its area which are based on local rateable values multiplied by a uniform rate. The total amount, less certain reliefs and other deductions, is paid to a central pool (the NNDR Pool) managed by Central Government, which in turn pays back to authorities their share of the pool based on a standard amount per head of the local adult population. Under these arrangements the amounts included in these accounts can be analysed as follows:-

2006-2007 £'000 (18,895) 2,818	Non-Domestic rates billed at uniform business rate of 44.1p (2006-2007 : 43.3p) Less adjustments to charges, voids, reliefs and other non-collectable sums	2007-2008 £'000 (19,275) 3,573
(16,077) 125	Amount Collectable Less allowance for the Cost of Collection	(15,702) 126
(15,952)	Net contribution to National Pool	(15,576)
£8,045,421	Redistribution from National Pool - credited to General Fund	£8,484,864
£43,957,770	Rateable Value of Business Premises at 31 March	£43,737,716

NOTE 3. COUNCIL TAX BASE

Band & Value	Number of Properties	Relationship to Band D	Annual Amount
Band A - up to £40,000 Band B - over £40,000 up to £52,000 Band C - over £52,000 up to £68,000 Band D - over £68,000 up to £88,000 Band E - over £88,000 up to £120,000 Band F - over £120,000 up to £160,000 Band G - over £160,000 up to £320,000 Band H - over £320,000	14,000 11,638 7,104 5,487 2,182 771 188 52	6/9 7/9 8/9 - 11/9 13/9 15/9 18/9	£973.41 £1,135.64 £1,297.88 £1,460.12 £1,784.59 £2,109.06 £2,433.53 £2,920.24
Council Tax Base and amount or	ginally expected for 20	07-2008 =	29,107
East Sussex County Council share Sussex Police Authority share East Sussex Fire Authority share Hastings Borough Council share			£30,495,113 £3,570,556 £2,145,185 £6,288,790 £42,499,644

COLLECTION FUND INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

NOTE 4. COUNCIL TAX SURPLUSES & DEFICITS

In accordance with the accounting code of practice surpluses and deficits arising from the collection of Council Collection Fund.

The table below shows the respective balances on the collection fund and how they relate to each authority.

	2006-2007		2007-2008	
	Community	Council Tax	Community	Council Tax
	Charge		Charge	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance brought forward :-				
East Sussex County Council	0	257	0	(1,101)
Sussex Police Authority	0	31	0	(125)
East Sussex Fire Authority	0	17	0	(78)
Hastings Borough Council	1	55	2	(227)
Surplus / (Deficit)	1	360	2	(1,531)
Movement on Fund Balance :-				
East Sussex County Council	0	(1,358)	0	215
Sussex Police Authority	0	(156)	0	25
East Sussex Fire Authority	0	(95)	0	15
Hastings Borough Council	0	(282)	0	44
Surplus / (Deficit)	0	(1,891)	0	300
Balance carried forward :-				
East Sussex County Council	0	(1,101)	0	(886)
Sussex Police Authority	0	(125)	0	(100)
East Sussex Fire Authority	0	(78)	0	(63)
Hastings Borough Council	2	(227)	2	(183)
Surplus / (Deficit)	2	(1,531)	2	(1,231)
Total of Community Charge and Council Tax		(1,529)		(1,229)

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE SUMMARY

2006-2007	(See also Notes to the Core Financial Statements 17 to 20)	2007-200	-
£'000	Detail	£'000	£'000
	Operational Assets:		
	Other Land & Buildings -		
1,310	Office Accomodation	197	
900	Museum Extension	162	
224	Cliff Railways	7	
135	Bank Buildings Refurbishments	65	
0	Fairlight Place Farm Cottages	89	
16	Other	53	57
	Infrastructure Assets -		
86	Long Term Beach Management & Groyne Refurbishment	32	
325	Sea Front Strategy	629	
45	SRB Regeneration Initiatives	2	
59	Other	1	66
			
40	Vehicles, Plant & Equipment		99
91	Intangible Assets - Software & Systems / Project Evaluation		5
	Community Assets -	_	
127	West Marina Area Regeneration	0	
84	Allotment Regeneration	3	
283	St.Leonards Gardens / West Lodge	742	
64	Country Park	26	
64	Other Parks, Gardens, Recreation Grounds & Public Open Spaces	41	
187	Playground Enhancements & Games Areas	17	
		= =	
133	Decorative Lighting	18	
250	Turner Painting of the Old Town	0	
73	Other	17_	86
4,496			3,14
	Non-operational Assets:		
0	Creation of new Business Units	338	
24	Factory Unit Refurbishments	162	
2	Other	0	50
4,522	Total of Fixed Assets		3,64
	Deferred Charges:		
180	Conservation Grants	65	
984	Renovation & Disabled Facilities Grants	768	
300	Affordable Housing Grants	160	
896	Renewal Areas	1,551	
175	Empty Properties Strategy	231	0.04
145	Other	36	2,81
7,202	Total Capital Expenditure for year		6,46
	Financed by :-		
2,461	Loan		3
1,687	Capital Receipts (proceeds of the sale of fixed assets)		79
3,024	Grant receipts		4,13
30	Use of Reserves		1,34
0	From Revenue		15
7,202	Total Financing		6,46

GLOSSARY

ACCRUALS

The concept that income and expenditure are recognised as they are earned or incurred, not as money is received or paid.

BUDGET

The Council's policy expressed in financial terms for a INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS specified period.

CAPITAL CHARGE

A charge to service revenue accounts to reflect the cost of fixed assets used in the provision of services.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Expenditure on the provision and improvements of lasting assets such as land, buildings, vehicles and equipment. Also referred to as Capital Works.

CAPITAL RECEIPTS

The proceeds from the sale of fixed assets.

COMMUNITY ASSETS

Assets that the Council intends to hold in perpetuity, that have no determinable useful life, and that have restrictions on their disposal. Examples are parks and historic buildings.

CREDITORS

Amounts owed by the Council but not paid at the date of the balance sheet.

DEBTORS

Amounts owed to the Council but unpaid at the date of the balance sheet.

DEFERRED CHARGES

Expenditure which may properly be deferred, but which does not result in, or remain matched with, tangible assets. An example is improvement grants.

DEPRECIATION

The measure of the wearing out, consumption, or other PUBLIC WORKS LOAN BOARD (PWLB) reduction in the useful economic life of a fixed asset. whether arising from use, passing of time or obsolescence through technological or other changes.

EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

Material items which derive from events or transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Council and which need to be disclosed separately REVENUE SUPPORT by virtue of their size or incidence to give fair presentation of the accounts.

EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS

Material items, possessing a high degree of abnormality, which derive from events or transactions that fall outside the Council's normal activities and which are not expected to recur.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Central Government contributions towards local authority expenditure: examples: Revenue Support grant, Housing subsidy and Housing & Council Tax Benefit subsidy & grants.

Fixed assets that are inalienable, expenditure on which is recoverable only by continued use of the asset created. An example is the sea wall and promenade.

NATIONAL BUSINESS RATE POOL

Business rate payments go into a central pool managed by the Department for Communities & Local Government. Each charging authority recieves from that pool a sum proportioned to the number of Council Taxpayers in its area.

NON-OPERATIONAL ASSETS

Fixed assets held by the Council but not directly occupied, used or consumed in the delivery of services. An example is property surplus to requirement pending sale or redevelopment.

OPERATIONAL ASSETS

Fixed assets held and occupied, used or consumed by the Council in the direct delivery of those services for which it has either a statutory or discretionary responsibility.

PRECEPT

The amount of money the County Council, Sussex Police and the Fire Authority have instructed the Borough Council to collect and pay over to it out of Council Tax receipts held in the Collection Fund.

PROVISIONS

Sums set aside for any liabilities or losses which are likely to be incurred, but uncertain as to the dates on which they will arise.

A Government financed body which provides a source of long - term borrowing for local authorities.

RESERVES

Internal reserves set aside to finance future expenditure for purposes falling outside the definition of provisions.

A Government grant distributed to local authorities to augment income raised by the Council Tax. It is centrally determined on a needs basis.

STATEMENT OF RECOMMENDED PRACTICE (SORP)

Standards issued by the accountancy bodies to prescribe approved accounting methods.